

DR. L. R. DODDS, B. A.

Dental Surgeon

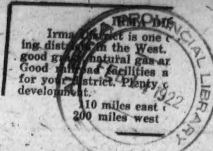
308 Tegler Building.

EDMONTON, ALTA.

# IRMA

# THE TIMES

# IRMA



An Independent Weekly Newspaper Circulating Throughout Jarrow, Kinella, Orbindale, Zoldavara, Fabyan, Clark Manor, and Irma District.

Vol. 5; No. 44.

Irma, Alberta, Friday, February 10th, 1922

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## Eastern Alberta Oil Fields Will Soon Be Active

Search for Oil will be Carried On Intensively This Spring in Several Localities.

The coming of spring will see greater activity in the Irma, Monitor, Birch Lake and Viking oil fields than any other season. Before the summer is very far advanced, at least three or four of the wells now under way should be finished. The location of the golden fluid which has cost so many dollars to locate should be found. That the formations which for generations past have been accumulating oil, is in all these locations, has been predicted by many of the best geologists of the age. Large volumes of gas have been found near all these locations. Whether the drill will be able to penetrate the gas pressure and release the oil, is the big question.

Mr. James Dumma, manager of the West Regent Oil Co., is expected back from Scotland in a few days, when arrangements will be completed to resume operations on their well on Section 19-34-4, near Monitor. The drill in this well reached around 2550 feet about the first of last December. Oil had commenced to come in the hole when operations were suspended for the winter. There seems no doubt in the minds of experienced oil men that this will be a producer as soon as the drill is put down a few more feet. In all probability this well will be capped until other wells are completed, so as to be able to produce enough oil to justify the erection of a refinery. It is understood that the Imperial Oil Co., have ordered lumber and machinery for the erection of a new rig on Section 29-34-4. This location is about ten miles south of the West Regent well. Good progress was being made at this location late last fall. The hole was reported down around 1700 feet when early one morning, an explosion of gas set fire to the rig and destroyed it. On account of the approach of winter it was decided to leave the erection of a new rig until this spring.

The Talpey Arnold Co. and the Mud Buttes Oil Co. both started wells in this district last summer. These wells should be well under way by midsummer. We understand that another favorable location, about half way between the Imperial and West Regent wells—is being considered by some American drillers. Operations are supposed to start on this location by May 1st. At Birch Lake the Talpey Arnold Co. have ordered a larger boiler and engine, also a new string of casing. This well we understand has had some very promising indications. Mr. Talpey who has been spending the winter in California should return by the end of this month, when arrangements will be completed for the finishing of the well. Operations started at this location over a year ago, but owing to the nature of the formations, and the light equipment very slow progress has been made.

At Viking operations have been held up by the controversy between the Edmonton City Council and the Northern Alberta Gas Co. as to who owns the leases which were originally reserved to supply gas to the City. Some nine or ten good gas wells were completed in this field some years ago. In several of the wells crude oil was found. But as they were being drilled for the purpose of supplying gas, no attempt has been made to explore deeper for oil. There are several sections of freehold land, which was not included in the original reserve by the city of Edmonton. Negotiations have been under way for the development of these sections, but up to the present time the parties interested have not disclosed their names.

At Irma the Imperial Oil Co. have been making good progress with the big rotary shipped in from Wyoming last fall. This rig is located on Section 18-45-7 on the bank of the Battle River north of the Fabyan station. This is the largest and most up-to-date rig ever shipped to Western Canada.

Gas has been piped from the old Grattan well some seven miles south west of the present well. This is being used to heat the three big boilers which generate the steam for the engine, hydraulic pumps, etc. The derrick which is 112 feet high is handsomely illuminated each night with electric lights, which is supplied by an electric generator driven by steam. Since the crew started drilling at this well early in November last, a record has been made for fast drilling in Western Canada. Several lengthy delays have been caused, through having to wait for repairs which had to be ordered from the States. With more of the same rigs working in this country this trouble would be overcome. No admittance signs have been placed around the rig and camp, and strict secrecy is maintained by all the men. The hole which is supposed to be now around 1900 ft will be continued until they think they have passed the heavy gas pressure. This will be cased with ten inch casing, and standard tools used to finish the well. This will leave plenty of room to put in smaller casing in case it is found necessary to go through other gas sands. With the standard tools it is considered that a better record can be kept of the formations. That

## Irma M. L. A. Honors His Constituency

Farmer Members from Innisfail and Wainwright Constituencies, Address House, Replying to Speech from the Throne.

Before crowded galleries Alberta's entry into the business of the province Friday afternoon. Two excellent speeches were made in reply to the speech from the throne. These took up practically the whole of the time of the session. The only diversion was that of Hon. J. R. Boyle, Liberal, Edmonton, who asked the government to table the report of the Southern Alberta Survey board so the members of the opposition may have the opportunity to study it over the weekend. Premier Greenfield, replying for the government, stated the report would be tabled on Monday, but he would unofficially hand over the report to the opposition.

In making the reply to the speech from the throne, D. Cameron, U. F. A., Innisfail, dealt at considerable length with the main points of the Lieutenant-Governor's speech. Particular stress was laid on the unemployment problem, the hopes were expressed that the government would manage to successfully find a solution. Mr. Cameron remarked on the government having spent about \$1,000,000 in the last few months in various measures of relief which could only redound to the credit of the government.

**A Strange Anomaly**  
The potential wealth of the natural resources of the province of which there was an abundance, was such as to surely offer an opportunity to try and connect the natural resources with the unemployment, which would have an additional value in increasing the wealth of the province. There were thousands of persons in the province without food or shelter, and the government had done right in going to their assistance. Yet it was a strange anomaly that with all the unemployment there were districts in Alberta where there were thousands of acres of grain lying under the snow simply because it would not pay the farmers to harvest it. There is wool in the barn lots which ought to be manufactured into clothing. Lumber mills were shut down as there were no purchasers for the material. There is unemployment on the one hand and an abundance of the necessities of life on the other. "It is the bounden duty of this house to attempt to solve this disastrous state of affairs."

**Survey Board in Practical.**  
Mr. Cameron paid tribute to the government for having appointed the Southern Alberta Survey Board. He considered that it was a most practical step to take, and one that could not help but have a beneficial effect.

There was a most urgent necessity for some readjustment of the freight

tariffs in the province. The system now in vogue was literally strangling the farmers. Agriculturists are heavy shippers of freight and it is imperative that if they are to continue in business there must be an early change. Mr. Cameron stated that he could not see why the federal authorities persisted in refusing to turn over to the prairie provinces their rightful possessions, the natural resources.

**Education the Keystone.**

Referring to the educational program, Mr. Cameron declared that education was the keystone of the main arch of the whole structure of the country. But there was a great need for reform in the way of school trustees. He said that 25 percent of the school trustees were the greatest hindrance to education the province had. They had only one thing in view. Namely, to keep down taxes. They ran the schools for as short a time in the year as possible, and hired only the cheapest teachers they could find. Consequently those children who were so unfortunate as to live in such a school district had to live their lives "suffering on account of the meanness of that certain trustee element."

**Tribute to Hon. C. Stewart.**

J. R. Love, U. F. A., Wainwright, also made his maiden speech. Mr. Love said: "In rising to second the reply to the speech from the Throne, I wish to express my sincere appreciation which has not only been given to me, but to the constituency which I represent. The constituency of Wainwright, 'the home of the ancient monarch of the plains, the Buffalo, and the future oil center of the continent.' I approach my task with a feeling of diffidence, fully cognizant of my own limitations. On this occasion I am thankful for the tradition and custom of the past which grants to the mover and seconder of the reply to the speech from the Throne the fullest degree of freedom of thought on public questions which concern the people of the province. The Hon. Member from Innisfail in a very able manner expressed the feeling of sympathy we all share with our Premier during his recent bereavement. Words form an inadequate substitute for the feelings of life which we all experience in times like this. Before dealing with the subjects in the speech from the Throne I would like to state that I am sure that we all regret to lose from the Assembly the presence of our Ex-Premier, the Hon. Chas. Stewart. Although we shall miss his conscientious attitude on public questions in this house, I feel that in entering a larger field of activity he will be

able to render a greater service to Canada, specially to the prairie provinces of the west. Which Provinces since the day of their creation have been constantly demanding their birthright, the control of their own natural resources.

To Alberta this question is of the most vital importance. It has been mentioned in the speech from the Throne on previous occasions in this house. For many years our provincial Government has been seeking the return of our natural resources. Today this question is on the lips of all classes of people more than ever before. This morning in a street car I noticed a large placard on which were these words, "We want our natural resources, join the Edmonton Board of Trade." This is more than a political question.

It is of paramount importance to the economic and industrial development of our province. When the province of Alberta was formed the crown lands were held by the Dominion Government to be administered for the purpose of the Dominion. Among the reasons for this arrangement was that of maintaining a national system of colonization and immigration. Whether or not that system has been a success from a provincial standpoint may be questioned. However we have a population of well over half a million people. These people must be provided with good roads, telephones, adequate educational facilities and other local improvements at the expense of the province.

It is true we receive a substantial subsidy in compensation for the loss of crown lands and natural resources but that does not justify the violation of a well established principle of British self-government. The right of the people of a British province to control and govern not only themselves but the unalienated crown lands within the boundaries of their province. Until this undeniable right is granted to the people of Alberta, and the two other Prairie provinces, there will never be contentment and satisfaction in Western Canada.

This just demand is more urgent today than ever before. We are one of, if not the largest coal producing province in Canada to-day. It is estimated that Alberta contains about 15 per cent of the coal reserves of the

world, or a coal reserve this industry maintained most economical means it must under the control of the Province which it exists.

Our petroleum and natural industries are as yet in the early stage of development. The in based on geological report lead one to visualize a great future for Alberta. However adequate regulations at present governing the petroleum and natural gas leases have largely caused a lack of development, particularly of petroleum. To-day the world is gradually passing into what might be termed an oil age. In the extensive search for new reservoirs of oil to cope with an ever increasing demand, the eyes of the nations are being focussed on Alberta. It is our right especially at this time, to demand that the oil wealth of our province be not exploited for the purpose of the Dominion at large and to be monopolized by some of the world's largest oil corporations.

One might elaborate on the vast salt beds of the north in which there is contained sufficient salt to provide for the needs of Western Canada for untold generations. Since a large area of these beds are already in control of the provincial government and in view of the high freight rates on salt which is now being imported from the east I would urge on the government that steps be taken to have these beds mined and developed for commercial purposes at the earliest possible date.

One might deal extensively with the bitumen sands of Fort McMurray. In this connection I would like to quote Dr. T. O. Bosworth, late chief Geologist of the Imperial Oil Co. "In the district of McMurray of the Athabasca river we have the largest natural exposure of oil in the world. It is interesting to consider the amount of oil in this territory. For the purpose we will suppose the area to be 15,000 sq. miles, the average thickness 50 ft and the average yield to be 10 gals per acre. A simple calculation shows the result as 30,000 million barrels of oil. This is an immense quantity. It is six hundred times the world's annual production. The economic problem of

(Continued on Centre Page)

## QUALITY MERCHANDISE

# See Posters for Big Sale

## J. C. McFarland COMPANY

Irma, Alberta







British Government has paid out more than \$500,000,000 for unemployment relief since the armistice.

The elder duck builds its nest of its own down six nests being required to supply one pound of this famous down.

He that blows the coals in quar  
he has nothing to do with has no  
to complain if the sparks fly in  
face.

Horseshoes of cowhide are,  
said, made in Australia.

**STAMMERING**

or stuttering overcome positively. Our natural methods permanently restore natural speech. Graduate pupils everywhere. Free advice and literature.

**THE ARNOTT INSTITUTE**  
KITCHENER, - CANADA

...tuses, without soreness or irritation.

Made by Canadian Postum Cereal Co., Limited, Windsor, Ont.

Doesn't hurt a bit! Drop a little "Freezone" on an aching corn, instantly that corn stops hurting, then shortly you lift it right off with finger! Truly!

Your druggist sells a tiny bottle of "Freezone" for a few cents, sufficient to remove every hard corn, sore corn or corn between the toes, and the calluses, without soreness or irritation.



**Buying or Selling at Calgary Stock Yards**

No need of carrying large sums of money, certified checks, bank drafts,—no need to worry about exchange, etc., when buying or selling at the Calgary Stock Yards.

The new Calgary Stock Yards Branch of the Merchants Bank of Canada will serve you, by transferring funds to or from your home bank.



The Manager will also furnish any information you may desire re market conditions. Write, telephone, or wire.

There is a room in the bank for your use while at the Yards.

**THE MERCHANTS BANK**  
OF CANADA  
Head Office: Montreal. Established 1864.  
IRMA BRANCH

W. MASSON,

Manager.

**Irma Cash Meat Market****Just in****Fresh Caught Whitefish****10c lb.**

**Salmon, Halibut,  
Fresh Herrings, Salt Herrings,  
Holland Herrings.**

**L. C. HATCH, Prop.**

Irma,

Alberta.

**No Lumber Order Too Large or Too Small.**

—for us to fill. We have a varied stock of High Grade clear lumber for every purpose. All thoroughly kiln dried and selected. Go elsewhere first if you wish, but come to us and get our quotations before buying. It means satisfaction and a saving to you.

**BUSH MINE AND HEADLIGHT COAL  
—BY THE CAR OR CAR LOAD—**

**Farmers Mutual Lbr Co**P. J. HARDY  
ManagerIRMA,  
Alberta**Important repair work**

Should not be put off too late. Think of your stock shivering in the cold, when perhaps you are toasting your feet by the fire. Have a heart and

**Protect them from the Cold--**

Our material is of a superior class. Our service will be found to your advantage. These are but two of the many reasons why all our customers stay with us and remain satisfied.

**"BETTER Lumber for Home Building"**

**THE IMPERIAL LUMBER Co., LTD.**  
T. H. FLEMING, Manager.

IRMA,

ALTA.

**WHAT THE FARMERS' GOVERNMENT IS DOING**

A fine example of the spirit of thoughtfulness and sympathy with fellow beings in time of need, which is the characteristic of Western people, is found in the action of the people of the districts of Lamont and Ponoka, who recently shipped two car loads of clothing and supplies to families in the drought stricken areas of Southern Alberta. The people of Lamont shipped a carload of potatoes and flour, Christmas dinners for 50 families and 2,000 pounds of beef, all to the Suffield district, which was distributed among nearly 200 families. They also donated a shipment of oats which were sold and the proceeds turned over to the Department of Agriculture for purchase of oatmeal for distribution.

The Ponoka district shipped a carload of clothing, flour, beef and vegetables and other supplies to Railway for distribution among nearly 200 families of that district. The Department of Agriculture provided free transportation for these supplies and will do the same in connection with any other donations which may be made by other districts.

Delegates representing the city municipalities of the province who presented requests to the government the past week for additional share of the taxes collected by the government, received considerable surprise when they were told by Premier Greenfield that according to figures which had been compiled, the rural districts were paying to the government on the basis of \$3.30 per head of population, whereas the urban municipalities were paying but \$2.22 per head. The Premier told the delegation that there would be no legislation dealing with the system of taxes at this Session of the Legislature but that he proposed to call a conference within the next year, of representatives of the municipalities and of the Dominion and Provincial Governments to settle the question of the different spheres of taxation to be adopted by each. Mr. Greenfield made it plain that the Supplementary Revenue Tax could not be abolished by the government at present.

A new feature has been added to the mixed-farming special train now touring the province. The Public Health Department of the government has sent Miss Emerson, child welfare nurse of the department, to join the staff of lecturers on the train. Miss Emerson took up her duties on the train at Camrose and will continue with the train to the end of the tour. She will give lectures on child-welfare work and will also examine any children presented to her with respect to general physical condition. She will be prepared to discuss any matters of health which may be suggested by the audience on the train.

The special train has been meeting with wonderful success in Southern Alberta, having large crowds at the points south of Calgary. On Feb. 1st the train came to Alts and this week is touching points on the Hardisty Line. On Feb. 12th the train starts on its tour of the Grande Prairie and Peace River districts.

Poultry meetings are being held by the Department of Agriculture this week at Rockyford, Manton, Crimmoyle, Hanna and Richards. Other meetings for farmers are being held at points on the Crow's Nest Pass Line between Pincher Creek on the west and Seven Persons on the east. Commencing Feb. 18th meetings will be held on the Suffield-Retlaw Line.

Amendments to the Municipal Districts Act, which will make it possible for owners of property in towns, villages and rural municipalities to vote at annual elections without the requirement of payment of taxes, will be introduced by the Hon. R. G. Reid, Minister of Municipalities, at the present Session of the House, according to an announcement made by Mr. Reid this morning. Amendments are now being prepared to this effect.

If these amendments are approved by the House, they will take effect in time for the elections in rural municipalities on February 27th. In the case of towns and villages, the elections have already been held but the amendments will apply to these places for the elections next December.

Amendments are also being introduced to make provision for the swearing on the voters' list of those owners and others who have been omitted in the preparation of the lists. The voters' lists of the municipal districts are made up in two sections. One includes the owners of property, and the other, those who may vote

by virtue of their relationship to the owners of property. The owners of land are electors for all purposes, but those on the "supplementary voters' list, who are on by virtue of their relationship, may vote for councillors only, and may not nominate for council. Hitherto, those people on the supplementary list were compelled to apply for place on the list during the months of November and December, and if such application was not made, there was no means of getting on the voters' list. The proposed legislation will make it compulsory for the secretary-treasurer of the municipality to compile the supplementary list and arrange it in alphabetical order.

In the case of the omission of the names of the owners of property from the list, provision is to be made, where by such owner, aside from the present necessity of giving seven days' notice in writing to the secretary, may also swear on their names on election day by taking oath that they were the owners of the property and so assessed on certain dates. Similar provisions are also being made for omissions in the case of those entitled to be on the supplementary list of voters.

Livestock shippers in the province, who believe that they have been overcharged by railway companies, in respect to shipments made to U. S. points, owing to the difference in exchange, have a right to bring action in the proper Courts, according to a decision made recently by the Dominion Railway Commission. This decision was rendered in the case of J. M. Dillon, of Cayley, who made shipments of livestock to Chicago. Mr. Dillon made his shipment before the issuance of the Board's order regulating the matter of collection of the difference in exchange with respect to that part of the journey lying on the Canadian side. It was Mr. Dillon's contention that the railway company charged him for freight, feed, etc., the full amount in American funds, whereas, allowance should have been made for the Canadian end of the journey, for which charge should have been made on the basis of Canadian funds. The amount involved was \$663.20. The Railway Commission held it had no jurisdiction but that it was open to Mr. Dillon, without interference from the Railway Commission, to enter action in the Courts.

Hon. J. R. Boyle, Attorney-General of the Province in the former Stewart administration, has been selected leader of the Liberal Opposition in the Legislature for the present session only. The Opposition members made this selection at a meeting held Thursday morning prior to the opening of the house.

No undue alarm need be felt by the people of the province regarding the reported development of an epidemic of influenza in Eastern Canada, states Dr. Laidlaw, Deputy Minister of Health for the Province. So far only one case of influenza has been reported in Alberta and there is no indication that the disease will develop to the extent of the epidemic of a few years ago or that it will prove nearly as fatal. At the same time, Dr. Laidlaw issues a general warning to the people to stay away from crowds as much as possible since the infection is direct from person to person by coughing or sneezing. He advises the people to keep in as good as physical condition as possible and if feeling ill, to go to bed and call in a doctor.

**LOCAL NEWS**

Mrs. H. Bouck, of Heath, returned home last Friday, after spending three weeks with her parents Mr. and Mrs. F. Peterson.

Miss Bessie Barker spent the week-end in the Arvonglen district.

Mr. J. Archibald shipped a car of settlers effects to Acme last Monday. Mr. Archibald intends settling in that district.

Last February 3rd the Stork left a son at the home of Mr. and Mrs. L. Hostrop.

Miss Nichol, teacher at Strawberry Plains School, spent the week-end in Edmonton.

Word reached Irma the other day from Vancouver of the birth of a son to Mr. and Mrs. O. McMurray, on January 22nd. Mr. and Mrs. McMurray have been living at Vancouver since they sold their farm near Irma.

The Canadian Credit Mens Trust Association are putting on a genuine stock reduction sale in connection with the Irma Co-operative Co. The Co-op. hope to raise enough cash out of the sale to satisfy the creditors who have been pressing for their money. This will be a good chance for the farmers to lay in a supply of all kinds of useful goods at prices never heard of before.

Read the Sale add on the Back Page. Mr. Derman the local druggist has received a supply of postcards showing the new Oil Well east of Irma. Get some sent to your friends.

Special while they last at Derman's Pharmacy, Neilsons pound boxes chocolates at 40c. Hurry

**ACCIDENT AT IMPERIAL OIL WELL, GEO. GRAHAM BREAKS LEG**

Last Saturday afternoon Mr. Geo. Graham, one of the first men to start work at the Imperial Oil Well north of Fabyan met with an accident that will lay him up for some time. It seems that Graham was working around the platform on which the oil barrels are kept. In some way he slipped falling about 4 feet to the ground. His right leg was broken in two places. He was immediately rushed to Wainwright for treatment where Mr. Wallace gave him attention, and later he was sent to the hospital at Edmonton. George was one of the oldest residents in the Irma district. When the lumber arrived for the new derrick he left the farm and secured a position with the Imperial Oil Co. The Ladies Aid repeated their show, A Southern Cinderella, last Wednesday night. A good audience turned out although the weather was' too cold for these that lived in the country.

Save your change for the Creditor's Sale at Co-op. starting next Wednesday.

**CHARLES SWALES DIES FROM OPERATION**

Just as we are going to press Friday morning, word was reached Irma that Mr. Chas. Swales passed away at 11:30 P. M. Thursday. He was a pioneer merchant of Irma, having moved to Edmonton about four years ago. He was a very popular citizen here. He suffered from an internal ailment and was operated on some time Monday.

**TRAIL RANGERS WIN HOCKEY MATCH**

The Agrícola Trail Rangers defeated the Educational Point boys in a lively game last Saturday in the High School rink, the score being 2 - 1.

The players were:

Irma	Position	Educ. Pt.
Hoover	Goal	Prosser
Fisher	L. D.	Larsen
Peterson	R. D.	Smart
Mitchel	Centre	Larsen
Peterson	L. W.	Ambler
Myers	R. W.	Smart

The teams played 3 - 15 minute periods.

During the first period both teams rushed often. In this period Wayne Mitchell scored a goal. In the second period both teams played carefully. Darrel Peterson made a goal. During the third period the northern boys played hard and Gordon Ambler scored a goal.

On the whole both teams played well considering the experience they had had.

The Aggies expect to make a return trip in a few weeks.

**JUDICIAL SALE OF FARM PROPERTY**

Pursuant to the Order of His Honor Judge Taylor, there will be offered for sale by public auction with the approval of a Judge or Master in Chambers, by John Rae, Sheriff of the Judicial District of Edmonton, or his deputy, at the Post Office at the Village of Irma in the Province of Alberta, on Saturday the 25th day of February, A. D. 1922, at the hour of two o'clock in the afternoon:

The interest of Arthur W. Howarth in the South East Quarter of Section six (6) in Township forty-six (46) Range nine (9) West of the Fourth Meridian, in the Province of Alberta, containing by measurement one hundred and sixty (160) acres, more or less, according to Dominion Government survey, subject to the reservations contained in the original grant from the Crown and in existing Certificate of Title to the said lands.

The interest of the said Arthur W. Howarth in the said lands is as unpaid Vendor thereof under an Agreement of Sale under which there is due and owing the sum of Three Hundred Dollars (\$300.00) to the said Arthur W. Howarth with interest thereon at the rate of eight per cent per annum from the first of January, 1921, which said lien is a first charge upon the said lands.

The Vendor is informed that the lands are good farm lands situated four miles north west of the Village of Irma in the Province of Alberta on the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway. Terms of payment are: Ten per cent of the purchase price to be paid to the Sheriff or his Deputy, at the time of sale and the balance within sixty days thereafter without interest.

In all other particulars, the terms and conditions of sale will be the standing conditions of the Court as approved by a Judge.

Further particulars can be had from Messrs. FIELDHOUSE & HUNTER, Barristers, Wainwright, Alberta. Dated this 4th day of February, A. D. 1922.

JOHN RAE, Sheriff.  
Approved: H. C. T. J. D. C.

**THE IRMA TIMES**

Irma, Alberta.

H. G. Thunell, Publisher.

H. W. Love, Editor.

**SCHOOL TRUSTEES CONVENT**

The First Presbyterian Church in Edmonton was filled with registered delegates and other interested people by 10 o'clock the morning of Feb. 11. The annual convention of the Alberta School Trustees Association got away to a good start with Pres. Wm. Rae of Edmonton in the chair. The first business transacted was the appointment of a resolutions committee to take charge of the several hundred resolutions from all over the Province that had been sent in by school trustees. Their business being the sorting of the resolutions throwing out the ones already covered by the School Act and placing all resolutions bearing on the same things together and bringing forward a workable resolution covering the same.

The convention decided to meet in sections. Rural and Village Section, Consolidated Section and Town and City Section, and this was done at 11:30 o'clock and a chairman appointed for each section. The Rural and Village was the largest section with over two-thirds of the delegates and remained in the main body of the

The Municipal School question was discussed pro and con. This resolution was to do away with the local school boards and have a board of about five covering the whole Municipality and have the Municipality Section do all the work of assessing and collecting and paying out monies. The Trustee Board would meet once a month and receive a salary and have power to establish high schools and conveyances for children or nearly the same as the Consolidated School district. After being discussed for two days it was voted down by a large majority.

A resolution regarding organization of Local Trustee Association of all the Trustees in each community was approved of as the present Provincial Association is too large to get good results, but if the Province was organized into local associations and a delegate or two sent to the Provincial Convention then the Convention could be cut down to about 200 in place of 1,000.

The question of teachers contract was brought up and a resolution carried that same be amended to a simple form and that Clause 5 would be thirty days notice by either party thereto and no strings attached.

The matter of the Teachers' Alliance having a blacklist in their paper was discussed at some length and a resolution carried asking the Provincial Government to pass legislation making it an offence to publish a blacklist unless they also publish the cause of said blacklisting.

The return of the Natural Resources to the Province and that a large proportion of same be set aside for the education of our future citizens was approved of and also that all school grants be increased.

The Deputy Minister of Education, J. A. Ross gave an address on what the Interprovincial Educational Conferences had been doing. We have been paying too much for our text book and the four Western Provinces were co-operating and was securing a uniform text book for the West and securing a much better price for the four provinces by buying from one firm. A standard teachers certificate for the Western provinces was also going to be put into effect having certain requirements as steward and that a teacher must be at least seventeen years old. The courses of study was also to be made uniform in the west and the new text books would be used so that the new course could be used to commence this September. A resolution also carried asking the Province to supply all school books to the Trustee Boards at cost.

The Minister of Education, Hon. Perrin Baker made a fine address to the Convention. He said in part that the matter of running a school has become a great burden to the taxpayer and yet never before has it been quite so important that every child should receive an education. Good teachers should be recognized and their abilities suitably rewarded. A teacher should start at the minimum wage but always have a higher incentive.

The convention finished up the second day with election of officers and same President and Vice-President was elected and about half of the executive were new men. The fee for Rural schools was raised to \$2.00 and village to \$3.00 per year.

The resolutions passed at the Annual Convention of the U. F. A. in Calgary this year, effecting provincial government matters, will not be presented by the usual delegation as in past years, but will merely be forwarded to the provincial government for its attention.



**IRMA POOL ROOM**  
and  
**BARBER SHOP**  
SOFT DRINKS TOBACCOES  
CIGARS, Etc.  
Agent for Snowflake Laundry.  
**J. A. HEDLEY**  
PROPRIETOR.

## NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the partnership heretofore subsisting between George L. Morrow and William Ketchin & Company, hardware merchants, Irma, Alberta, has from and after the undermentioned date been dissolved and that the assets and liabilities of the partnership have been taken over and assumed by the said George L. Morrow.

NOTICE is further given that all parties indebted to the partnership are hereby required forthwith to pay the amount of their indebtedness to the said George L. Morrow.

Dated at Irma, Alberta, this 24th day of January, 1922.

Signed, W. Ketchin,  
G. L. Morrow.

Witness: Will Dawson. 3t

## Irma M.L.A. Honors His Constituency

(Continued from 1st Page)

this deposit is one of treatment and extraction of the bitumen.

There is no need to enlarge further on the inherent wealth of our natural resources. Our war cry is already spread broadcast through the land "We want our natural resources."

From the political aspect we have to-day a Liberal Government in power at Ottawa. A party which in convention at Ottawa in the summer of 1919 resolved "that the provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta should be granted the ownership and control of the natural resources within their respective boundaries on terms that are fair and equitable to all other provinces of the Dominion."

We have in the person of the Hon. Chas. Stewart, a Minister of the Interior who for many years championed the cause which we are all so vitally interested in to-day. I feel confident in view of these factors that our efforts to obtain our natural resources will not be in vain this year.

## Hard Times

The member from Innisfail in a very clear manner dealt with the severe and trying times in which we are living today. It is my belief that the first duty of a democratic government is to make adequate provisions to care for the needy and those in distress during these months of hardship and trials.

In this respect I wish to congratulate the government on the success which has been attained already in dealing with this difficult and embarrassing problem. The relief work, particularly in the south, has called for the expenditure of nearly a million dollars. This may seem a huge sum, however, when human lives are saved from starvation and suffering, the cost and expense are of secondary importance.

The financial obligations of many of our farmers, and the unemployment situation in our cities call for the most thoughtful and careful consideration on the part of every member in the house.

## Public Highways

One of the important matters of legislation to come before the house is that of a new public highway system. I have no doubt, that in past years thousands of dollars have been wasted through a lack of efficient and scientific methods of road building. This can only be solved by first eliminating all phases of patronage in regard to road work and secondly by having competent and efficient road experts or engineers to advise and direct as far as possible the building of roads throughout the province. If the government through a highways commission could render this service to the municipal councils much of the waste and extravagance due to the present system would no doubt be eliminated. The lack of good road building materials and the sparsely settled nature of our rural districts demand that the members of the house give their utmost consideration to the problem of building more economical and durable roads throughout the province.

Now come to the most important assets to our country. Our educational system. Education is the key industry of our nation. The waste from this industry is not measured in dollars and cents. It is measured in the priceless value of human lives. Our educational institutions have cost us millions of dollars. To some in this pioneer country, it seems like a mountain our burden would be if we all, whether we be legislators, teachers or merely citizens, might look on this educational mountain with the eye of a prospector. That we might see the indications of natural wealth and national greatness that it contains. That as we see the human ore passing through our factories and mills of knowledge we might take pride in the finished product that is being produced. That we might eliminate waste and develop in our children the highest type of citizenship attainable.

It costs the state that is you and me, a thousand dollars for every child to fully reach maturity. When a child goes wrong we not only lose our thousand dollars but we have to spend another thousand to protect ourselves and society against that child. We must therefore be careful not to over emphasize the intellectual at the expense of the moral and physical development of our children.

Never before has it been so necessary that our educational system be broad all around in its scope. The day has dawned when the youth of the land must have a greater knowledge than that of a particular trade or profession, and a greater vision than that of a local district. Our country requires unselfish, broad-minded, all-around citizens who not only understand their own chosen work but comprehend the position of the other fellow as well. If we are to have a truer and better expression of the

ideals of democracy we must have individuals who think nationally, rather than locally, whose scope of thought goes beyond the realm of their own private activities and who feel a greater pride in the welfare of their country and fellow men than those of any preceding generation of Canadians.

We may be the inheritors of a rich and fertile country. We may enjoy material prosperity but unless we fight and struggle against the forces of darkness, the forces of ignorance and the forces of narrowness we shall never become great as a nation. It was the educational system of Germany that made her such a great industrial nation in recent years. Germany pierced through the darkness of many things, knowledge replaced ignorance on many subjects, as chemistry but Germany failed in her struggle against narrowness and selfishness.

## Solution in Russia

Narrowness of interests is the great obstacle to real education and civilization. No real progress can be made until the mental horizon has been widened. Education is not a local problem. It is a national problem. At present taxes are levied largely according to local needs. Local needs are largely governed by the local interest in the value of education, as was well illustrated by the member from Innisfail. Such a system may be satisfactory from a local standpoint. From a provincial or national aspect it should be condemned. Our educational taxation system should be in the near future put on a provincial basis of a fixed rate on the assessed value of land.

There will be criticism offered to such a system but I defend my position absolutely on the value of education as a provincial and national asset. An army of good teachers is as important to a nation in the time of peace as an army of loyal soldiers in the time of war.

We in the older and more settled parts of the province should feel it our duty to see that the children of our new Canadian citizens are given every facility to enable them to become educated and take their part as real Canadians. The schools in the sparsely settled and poorer sections of the country should be kept open just as long as the schools in our towns and cities.

In rural districts there is a special need of high school facilities. In the last session of legislature provision was made to meet this need by providing for the formation of secondary consolidated school districts. Unfortunately in the province, both of which are proving a success. However, this is due largely to the period of financial depression which the province is passing through. At the same time we must not forget that the children are growing and must be educated.

If the gap between our rural public schools and the University could be bridged there would be a rapid increase in the demand for higher knowledge.

Our Provincial University which was created, and is being fostered by the provincial government has made excellent progress. Starting with an enrollment of 37 in 1908 it is to-day the fifth largest university in Canada with an enrollment of 1230 students this year. Its residential system is unequalled by any other institution in the dominion. A few years ago the standard of education in the University of Alberta was not recognized by eastern universities. Today due to the achievement of President Tory and his advisors we have a University standard recognized throughout the British Empire.

When we realize the need of competent road engineers, competent teachers, experts in regard to irrigation and other agricultural problems, technical and scientific knowledge required for the development of our natural resources, and the need of many other trades and professions we realize the true value of our Provincial University.

There are especially two aspects of education which we must emphasize to-day. First the creating and fostering in the minds of all classes of people a greater interest in the national importance of education. Secondly, the development of a system of education which will tend to foster among our children a voluntary desire to learn and to seek knowledge. Like the proverbial horse we may lead the child to the fountain of knowledge but we can't always make the child drink.

In the past I believe not enough attention has been paid to the play instinct inherent in every normal child. Our teachers must recognize this and use it, because it is the vital factor in the building of character. Wellington said that the Battle of Waterloo was won on the playing fields of Eton college. The character of our future Canadian citizens will be largely moulded on the playgrounds of our provincial schools.

In closing let us not forget that the world war for civilization has

not yet been won. The guns have ceased but the ideals and the principles for which the war was fought are still in the melting pot. They are being gradually instilled into the lives of our children. Whether those ideals shall be the principles guiding the relations between men and nations in the future depends upon the type of citizenship produced by the educational systems of to-day.

## IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT

The Irma Co-operative Co. are putting on a Special Sale for the balance of this month. This sale is being handled by the Canadian Credit Mens Trust Co. for the credit and in order to save the business for the shareholders \$6,000 must be realized at once. The Creditors have agreed if this amount is raised to carry on the business under a Trustee until the balance of the debts are paid. The people who own shares in this business should make every effort to buy what they can use now and in the future. The Co-operative Co. are in the present difficulties due to the amount of credit they have given in the district and are appealing to those they have helped, to help them now to the utmost of their power. It will require a big effort but with your aid we can place the business on a firm basis again. The Company have assets over all liabilities of about \$14,000 but not in cash. Hence the present condition.

—J. W. Graydon, Mgr.

## IRMA SCHOOL REPORT

In the half yearly exams in the Public school, the following pupils passed from Grade VI to Grade VII: Floyd Hoover, Irene Thorpe, Maude Smallwood and Lloyd Edmunds; their marks being as follows: Floyd: Reading 85; Spelling 78; Writing 65; History 88; Geog. 87; Grammar and Composition 83; Arith. 97; Aggregate 583; Average 83.3. Irene: Reading 90; Spelling 86; Writing 85; History 86; Geog. 82; Grammar and Composition 89; Arith. 74; Aggregate 583; Average 81.7. Maude: Reading 50; Spelling 42; Writing 95; History 40; Geog. 71; Grammar and Composition 83; Arith. 61; Aggregate 442; Average 68.1. Lloyd: Reading 80; Spelling 48; Writing 52; History 54; Geog. 40; Grammar and Composition 64; Arith. 75; Aggregate 413; Average 69.

—J. Kye, Teacher.

## HIGH SCHOOL NOTES

At the present time there are some cases of scarlet fever and measles around Irma. Everyone should do their best to prevent the spread of this disease. There are many ways in which this can be done. The child, which has been taken sick, should be isolated from the other children of the family. If there are children in the family attending school, these should be kept at home until it is certain that the sick child is free from any contagious or infectious disease. Many people think that whooping cough, measles, etc., are children's diseases, and they must have them sooner or later; the little care is taken to prevent it. The after effects of these diseases are often very severe; natural weaknesses are often aggravated by them.

Part of the Literary program for Friday the tenth will be a debate between grade 8 and 9. Those taking part are Lorene Hoover and Darrell Peterson from 8; Jack Bottaro and Gordon Fenton from grade 9.

The has been receiving some improvement lately. The ten inch wall has been completed, and Mr. Sawyer is making the goals.

The High School hockey team are playing hockey with the Wainwright High School on the Irma rink, Sat. the 11th inst. at 2.30 P. M. This will probably be the only hockey match in Irma this year. Come and see. No admission.

Alex Smallwood is absent from school on account of sickness. The report that Alex has measles, is wrong.

Hazel Congdon has returned to school after being ill with a severe cold.

## IRMA Ice Cream Parlor

R. KENNETH STEWART, Prop.

EXCLUSIVE AGENCY FOR

MOR-FREAD CHOCOLATES

Made by W. H. Fread

AGENT FOR MELATONE PHONOGRAPHS

AND RECORDS

CANDIES, CIGARS, TOBACCOES, FRUITS,

AND ICE CREAM.

## Boot and Shoe Repairing

Mr. J. Wilkins has opened up a Boot and Shoe Repairing Shop in Mr. Manners Harness shop, where all work will be promptly and neatly done.

## Influenza Raging

in London, New York, Montreal and is coming west. The Best Preventative is good health. Look after your health by taking Wampoles Cod Liver Oil. Creophos, Nyals Cod Liver Oil Compound, Compound Hypophosphites.

One Dollar per bottle at

THOS. J. DERMAN

Pharmacist

Irma, Alta.

WANT ADS.

Cattle branded OL (with half circle underneath) are the property of H. W. Love. Kindly notify if found.

FOR SALE—Building suitable for restaurant or store. 18x40 feet, four rooms upstairs. Also 6 acres with building 22x28, good well.—E. Sharkey, Irma. 34ta

FOR RENT—S.W. 24-46-8-4, 100 acres under cultivation. Cash rent. Apply F. W. Higginson, S.E. 30-45-8. 40-5p

IMPOUNDED

Impounded in the municipal pound kept by John Watson, on S. E. 22-46-9 W4th, on Jan. 7th. One Iron Gray Mare, weight 1,100 to 1,200 lb. Left front and the two hind feet white. Branded "lazy D on top of A, br of A indistinct" on left shoulder.

ESTRAYED—To Section 5-46-8, 1 red and white Shorthorn heifer, either large yearling or small two-year-old. Behaved, no visible brand. Owner can have same by proving property and paying expenses.—G.S. Sisson. 42-5p

FOR SALE—2 good granaries, 10x10, and 10x16. Driving shed, 10x16, shack 12x20. For price and location, see H. W. Love. 42-46p

FOR SALE—pure bred white Wyandotte chickens, early S. and R. comb. First class laying strain from imported stock. \$1.50 each for quick sale.—Mallinson, Irma. 42-9p

No. 1 split fence posts for sale 12 and one half cents. Delivery at railway points from Irma west.—Apply, W. D. Nichol, Dunster, B. C. 43-9p

Parties having stray stock on their place, are required by law to take these to the nearest pound. This will enable the owners to locate them, if not found they will be sold to pay expenses. Poundkeepers have been forwarded the necessary instructions for dealing with stray animals.

The 22nd annual auction sale and show of pure bred bulls will be held in Calgary, April 4-5-6-7 this year. The Alberta spring horse show will be held there at the same time.

## WATKINSON Is Buying CREAM AGAIN

AT HIS OLD STAND FOR THE  
EDMONTON CITY DAIRY  
WE CAN COMPETE  
WITH ANY  
CREAMERY IN ALBERTA  
AND GIVE  
THE HIGHEST PRICES  
Either for  
STATION TESTED or  
DIRECT SHIPMENTS

## PLENTY of MONEY

To Loan on Good  
Farm Land with  
Good Improvements

See—  
**J. W. Wyatt**  
WE STILL BUY GRAIN

## U. F. A.

Picture Show  
in Co-op Hall  
Saturday Night  
February 25th

## MAIL YOUR PRINTING ORDERS TO

**H. G. THUNELL,**  
VIKING, ALTA.

or hand same to—  
H. W. LOVE, Irma

## IRMA L.O.L. No. 2066 Meets on the last Thursday of each month in the Co-op Hall. Visitors always wel- come.

F. W. Watkinson, W. M.  
F. A. Kellar, R. S.  
G. B. Sawyer, F. S.



L.O.O.F. No. 56  
Irma Lodge Oddfellows

Meets every Tuesday evening in Co-op Hall. Officers for present term are:

P. J. Hardy, N. G.  
L. B. Schaffner, Vice G.  
J. W. Wyatt, Secretary  
R. J. Tate, Treas.

Visiting Oddfellows are always welcome.

H. W. LOVE  
REAL ESTATE, INSURANCE,  
LOANS

IRMA, - - - ALTA.

MAP OF IRMA OIL FIELD  
showing locations of wells, elevations, etc., mailed to any address for \$1.00.

McKAY TURNER CO.,  
514 Tegler Block, Edmonton.

## Dr. H. H. LOCKWOOD —DENTIST—

Wainwright - - - Alberta

## ROYAL BLACK PRECEPTORY NO. 1036

Meets on the second Monday of each month in the Co-op Hall. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome.

J. W. Graydon, W. P.  
Dr. S. R. McGregor, Reg.  
J. W. Wyatt, Treas.

J. W. WYATT

Notary Public

Real Estate, Loans, Fire and

Life Insurance.

Conveyancing

Main St. - - - Irma, Alta.

FIELDHOUSE & HUNTER

BARRISTERS - - SOLICITORS

NOTARIES

Money to Loan—Fire and

Life Insurance Written

Main St. - - - Irma, Alta.

Dr. S. R. McGregor

Physician and Surgeon

Day and night calls at office

back of Drug Store.

S. R. BOWERMAN

AUCTIONEER

for the Province of Alberta,

will be pleased to communicate with any person wishing to put on a sale. Have had 8 years experience. Write or phone at my expense.

ADDRESS PHONE NO. 86

Wainwright - - - Alberta

BOARD OF TRADE

Irma, Alberta.

Meeting last Monday in each month.

Wm. Masson, E. T. McDowell, President



# RED ROSE TEA

Always Pure and Clean and Kept Good in the Sealed Package

## Canada's Needs

No. 3—A World Market

In urging the view that one of Canada's needs at the present time is a world-wide market for the products of its farms, forests, fisheries and mines, but chiefly its farms, perhaps it would be nearer the mark to say that Canada needs national action by its Federal Government to direct the products of this country to those foreign markets where there is a demand at a profitable price for the very things this Dominion requires to sell and can raise in abundance.

Of all the great producing countries of the world it is possibly not incorrect to say that, speaking nationally, Canada is the most backward of all in promoting trade in other countries. In the years, before the war, Germany, under the direct guidance of its national government, was pushing its wares into every nook and corner of the world. Great Britain has for long years been wide awake and active in extending its trade all over the world, and Government agents have been a big factor in developing British trade and the sale of British-made goods in countries both civilized and uncivilized. The United States, too, handicapped though it was because of a lack of merchant shipping has not neglected its opportunities and U.S. consular representatives are active agents in promoting United States trade.

But Canada has done little or nothing. The efforts put forth have been puny and puny, penny-wise and pound foolish, lacking in vision and totally devoid of real initiative and aggressiveness.

In Canada, both Government and people have, for the most part, been quite content to allow the export trade of the country to be handled and controlled by other countries, with the natural and inevitable result that it has always taken second place to the interests of those countries through which it is controlled. The Government has not had wide awake and trained representatives in foreign countries to size up the situation there, inform our Government of conditions of which Canada could take advantage, and no national machinery whereby such opportunities as presented themselves could be quickly seized.

For example, it has recently been stated by a writer who quoted facts and figures in support of the statements made, that during the past year when livestock were a drug on the Western Canadian market and where a price could not be realized to cover the costs of production there was an active demand at high prices for cattle in Mexico, where, because of the many years of revolution and political upheaval, the livestock of the country was reduced to a minimum. In Mexico, this writer declared, was a ready market at high prices for the very animals which Canada had in abundance and was unable to sell.

In Mexico, also, high prices, almost excessive prices, were being paid for wheat and flour, while the best price obtainable by our Western Canadian farmers for their wheat was less than the cost of growing, harvesting and marketing the wheat through the old methods and channels.

Why has Canada not built up a department of the national government which would, through its foreign representatives, be made immediately aware of such conditions, and which could at once set national machinery in motion to take full advantage of the opportunities thus presented? Instead, we have remained idle, trusting to Old World conditions to right themselves so that our wheat could flow with a profit to Liverpool and Europe, or dribble into the United States, and, with our live cattle shut out of Britain, we have disposed of our cattle at a loss or made meagre sales on the Chicago market.

Canada is a full-fledged member of the League of Nations; our statesmen and politicians, public men and newspapers speak of Canada as a nation. We may as a people be beginning to think nationally. But we have yet to begin the important work of acting nationally. Yet there is no country today in a better position to undertake a national commercial undertaking, and no country stands quite so badly in need of it.

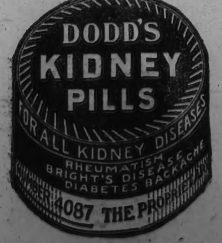
Canada possesses a great system of national railways—the largest mileage under one management of any railway in the world—and also possesses the greatest private-owned railway in the world, and the most efficient. Canada likewise owns and operates a national merchant marine with steamers plying on all oceans. The national railways and national merchant marine are both operating at a loss, with annual deficits of between fifty and one hundred million dollars. What they need is more business. The whole country is suffering for lack of markets wherein to sell its surplus products at a price which will yield a profit over production costs. Yet with all this national equipment ready to our hands, the Federal Government has not seized the opportunity of organizing a real department devoted to the development of foreign markets for Canadian produce.

It is time Canada had a national trade organization with aggressive, expert representatives in all foreign lands offering even a remote chance of being a profitable field for Canadian trade.

## The Golden Age

The Luxuries of the Past Are Only the Common Comforts of Today

The comforts of 1921 are the luxuries of 1870. What household of that time could obtain the devices which are the common indispensable equipment of our day? Our young men and maidens who demand a standard of living which the youth of 1870 had never thought of as being distressing to old-fashioned people, but they are obeying natural forces. The Victorians themselves were not content with what satisfied the eighteenth century. That all these changes have made for happiness we may feel no compulsion to believe. But there is nothing in the past to justify us in expecting that the young people of the present will be content with what satisfied us in our youth. They may be going on the road to the true golden age; they may have chosen the primrose



W. N. U. 1402

## Grain In Storage

Wheat Stored In Public Elevators Shows An Increase

Grain statistics issued by the Dominion bureau of statistics for week ending Dec. 30, 1921, show an increase of 412,379 bushel in the amount of grain stored in Canadian public elevators. The figures were as follows: Oats, 112,491 bushels; barley, 263,014 bushels; and rye, 36,835 bushels. Wheat and flax show decreases of 17,869 bushels and 22,750 bushels respectively.

## WHY BEAUTY FADES

A Condition Due Entirely to Poor, Watery Blood

The girl who returns home from school or from work thoroughly tired out will be "fortunate" if she escapes a physical breakdown, because this getting tired so easily is probably the first warning symptom of a thinning blood that must not be disregarded if her health is to be preserved.

When the blood becomes thin and impure the patient becomes pale, haggard and angular. She not only tires out easily but suffers from headaches, palpitation of the heart, dizzy spells and a loss of appetite. This condition will go from bad to worse, if prompt steps are not taken to increase and enrich the blood supply. To make the rich, red blood that brings health and vitality to the system, Dr. Williams' Pink Pills can equal Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. It gives a fair trial their use brings rosy cheeks, bright eyes, a good appetite and good spirits. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have made thousands of pale, languid girls active and strong in the first sign of poor, thin blood. Mothers should insist upon their daughters taking a fair course of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills to restore health, but will have further doctor bills.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills can be obtained from any dealer in medicine by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

## McGill Professor Is a Good Farmer

Sir Andrew MacPhail Spends Leisure Time Making Experiments

It is not generally known that Sir Andrew MacPhail, noted Canadian writer and McGill professor, is also a Prince Edward Island farmer. Much of his leisure is spent in the active operation of the property in the summer months, conducting experiments, analysing, comparing and superintending work. It is claimed he has produced 225 bushels of potatoes per acre, which is considered good even in a province where others have reached the 500-bushel mark.

Painless and perfect in their action, Miller's Worm Powders are always a safe and reliable remedy for children who show symptoms of worms. These symptoms are easily recognizable in a feverish restlessness; frequently ending in convulsions. A point of notable importance is that after Miller's Worm Powders have expelled the worms the stomach and bowels are toned up into a very healthy condition.

## Telephones In Toronto

Toronto has now 100,000 telephones, or one to every five persons—men, women and children—in the city, a higher percentage, it is claimed, than any other city in the British Empire.

When Asthma Comes do not despair. Turn at once to the help of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy. This remedy will give you the aid you need so sorely. Choking ceases, breathing becomes natural and without effort. Others, many of them have suffered as you suffer but have wisely turned to this remedy and ceased to suffer. Get a package this very day.

## The Girl Proposes

The inhabitants of Hima, in the Greek Archipelago, are engaged almost entirely in sponge fishing. When a girl desires to marry she waits until she has obtained the number of sponges from the sea that corresponds with the number of years she has lived. These she places in a silk net, which she presents to the man of her choice. Should he refuse, his chances of obtaining another bride are remote, as usually the Hima maiden shun him as a punishment.

## People at Sea Had Real Christmas

Programme Was Prepared by Canadian Pacific Steamships Limited. Special arrangements were made by the Canadian Pacific Steamships Ltd. for a real celebration of Christmas by those upon their ships in mid-Atlantic. Christmas trees with presents for old and young, Divine Service, a real old-fashioned Christmas dinner, a Christmas dance, games and sports of all kinds for the children and grown-ups too, were some of the items included in the Christmas Day programme.

Flax Crop Sold For Seed. An average yield of 22½ bushels per acre of flax seed was secured from a 25-acre field in the Winnipeg district, according to advice of C. E. Howe. The flax was of high quality and the entire crop was sold for seed at a substantial premium over the market price.

One hundred years ago the "only known use for rubber was for removing pencil marks."

Minard's Liniment for Distemper

## The Headless Home

BY LORETTA C. LYNCH

An Acknowledged Expert in All Matters Pertaining to Household Management.

She was wringing her hands disconsolately and bemoaning the unkind fate that had led her daughter—her precious daughter—away from home. She repeated again and again that it was such a good home.

And the question came to our minds—just what is a good home?

Good furniture and artistic surroundings do not make up a good home, although they of themselves are very desirable. For these our disconsolate friend had in the home, she termed good. Yet one of the good homes I was privileged to know was not artistically furnished. But—the good home had a head.

In this case it was the mother, although it might have been the father. But every good home, whether it exists to accommodate one family, or a large number of individuals, must have a head. This head must be a sort of a court of last appeal.

It isn't so easy to be the head of a home. In the first place it requires not only an inborn or developed sense of responsibility, but it requires love, patience, understanding and a good sound practical training in home-making.

The woman in question lacked the first requirement. She had a home without a head. Sometimes the father gave the children permission to do certain things after she had distinctly told them they might not do them. Sometimes she went over the father's head.

Often the girl came home from a husband's work only to find the beds unmade and things in general disorder. There was no real family life, since the family never met formally—not even at meal times. One came home and ate—if there was anything ready—and then the other ate.

The mother never realized the moral value of having the family get to know each other by having at least one of the meals of the day together.

A good home is properly supported. Not only must there be provided sufficient funds to cover the necessities of life, but this sum must be fairly apportioned to cover such items as food, clothing, shelter and operating expenses.

In the headless home, the item that usually suffers most is that of operating expenses. The allowance for food cuts in upon and draws from such as lighting, laundry and sanitary cleaning.

Then, too, in the good home the mother has a keen appreciation of social life. She shows the home in which the mother plans a little party now and then for the almost-yearly or the children, and it shall be the home where the girl does not go dashing about looking for the social outlet in questionable places.

To be honest now, Mrs. Mother, as we say in a new year, are you giving your family a really good home?

Perhaps you have a personal problem in your home-making for when I could offer you a humble suggestion. If you have, won't you write me and tell me all about it?

For you may not be able to leave your children much money nor perhaps give them all the education you want to see them have, but if you leave upon them the memory of a good home you are leaving an invaluable legacy.

## DO YOU SMOKE TOO MUCH?

There are many men on whose heart and nervous system tobacco produces the most serious results. It causes palpitation, pain in the heart, irregularity of its beat, makes the hands tremble, sets the nerves on edge, causes shortness of breath and loss of sleep.

To counteract this demoralizing influence on the heart and nerves there is no remedy to equal

## MILBURN'S

HEART AND NERVE PILLS. They make the heart beat strong and steady, restore tone and vigor to the nerves, and remove all the evil results caused by the tobacco.

Mr. Frank Lutes, 71 Terrace Hill St., Stratford, Ont., writes:—"I had been troubled with palpitation of the heart for a number of years, and by spells it would bother me a lot. The doctor told me it would stop in a moment if I did not cut out tobacco. When I would get a spell my heart would pound, and I would break out in a cold sweat. My heart would be going, I would have to sit right down and quit my work; also in the night I would wake up and my heart would be going. I should say, about 120 beats a minute. About three years ago I got a box of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills of them, and found that they did the job. I am feeling fine and have gained over 20 pounds in weight."

Get a box at all dealers, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

## Children Cry for Fletcher's

# CASTORIA

Fletcher's Castoria is strictly a remedy for Infants and Children. Foods are specially prepared for babies. A baby's medicine is even more essential for Baby. Remedies primarily prepared for grown-ups are not interchangeable. It was the need of a remedy for the common ailments of Infants and Children that brought Castoria before the public after years of research, and no claim has been made for it that its use for over 30 years has not proven.

## What is CASTORIA?

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrup. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic and Diarrhoea; allaying Feverishness arising therefrom, and by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimilation of Food; giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Comfort—The Mother's Friend.

## GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY

## Giant Shell Of War

Heavy Explosive Has Just Been Dug Up Near Mons

A shell weighing two tons, dropped from a height of a mile on the village of Trazay, not far from Mons, in the last year of the war, has just been dug up.

It did not explode when it fell, but made a hole in the earth about fifty feet deep. It is believed that its charge of explosive weighed nearly three-quarters of a ton, and the excavation of such a monstrous shell was a work of great anxiety.

The Oil for the Athlete.—In rubbing down, the athlete will find Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil an excellent article. It renders the muscles and sinews pliable, takes the soreness out of them and strengthens them for strains that may be put upon them. It stands preeminent for this purpose, and athletes who for years have been using it can testify to its value as a lubricant.

## Where Ignorance Is Safety

A Virginia man never saw an automobile until Friday, his 98th birthday. That's one reason he's 98!

Minard's Liniment for Gargle in Cows

## They Profit Most Who Serve Best

Heroic Example of the Power of Advertising

Somebody out of touch with truth; once said there is no sentiment in business. Another greater in wisdom, declared: "They profit most who serve best."

All this year a concern that helped put Burlington, Vermont, on the map of national business, is celebrating fifty years of successful service of the womanhood of the world. "Diamond Dye" is half a century old and they are having a series of happy episodes to make the anniversary a noteworthy one.

"Diamond Dye" is a heroic example of the power of advertising, for the plant of small beginnings now covers a city block. The business was built on "making good" the advertising that has made "Diamond Dye" a household word. Possibly the greatest asset of this proved aid to economy, is the goodwill of families that run through generations. Young women tell us that their mothers and grandmothers before them were Diamond Dye enthusiasts. They like the Diamond "service plant" which makes it clear that for a few cents it is easy to "dye old things new."

The Wells & Richardson people are going to make the golden jubilee of Diamond Dye nation wide. They will do this by the biggest newspaper advertising appropriation ever made in the fifty years of service.

## Chinese Hockey Player In Ontario

For the first time in the history of the Ontario Hockey Association, a certificate has been issued to a player who is of Chinese birth. He is William Chew Chong and will play with the junior team of the Peterborough A.A.A. Chew Chong was born in Toronto and is 17 years of age.

The telephone arose out of an attempt to design an apparatus to aid deaf people in hearing.

Minard's Liniment for Colds, Etc.

## Self-Governing Island

People Rule Themselves on Tristan da Cunha

Halfway between Africa and South America, on the island of Tristan da Cunha, live a people without a boss, says the January Midget Magazine.

The islanders, survivors from wrecked ships, have refused several offers of the British Government to move them to more fertile lands. They dwell communally, without government of any kind. There is not twenty dollars in currency on the island. Crimes and disputes are rare.

## Mother! Move Child's Bowels With California Fig Syrup

Hurry mother! Even a sick child loves the "fruit" taste of "California Fig Syrup" and it never fails to open the bowels. A teaspoonful today may prevent a sick child tomorrow. Constipated, bilious, feverish, fretful, has cold, colic, or if stomach is sour, tongue coated, breath bad, remember good cleansing of the little bowels is often all that is necessary. Ask your druggist for genuine "California Fig Syrup" which has directions for babies and children of all ages printed on bottle. Mother! You must say "California" or you may get an irritating dry syrup.

## Spain Has Oldest Pavement

The oldest pavement of which there is any record in modern times is that of Cordova, Spain, which was paved with stones by the Moors in the middle of the Ninth Century.

## First Things Today

The first thing some people want when they get a little money is a car; then the first thing they want when they get a car is a little money.

## All Men and Women

When in Need of a Tonic Should Start on the Road to Wellville by Following This Advice

Peterboro, Ont.—"I can speak in the highest praise for Dr. Pierce's medicine. I suffered for a long time with female weakness, through which I became all run down, weak and nervous. I also had severe backaches, pains in my side and bearing pains. I learned of Dr. Pierce's medicine and began at once to take them. I took two bottles each of the 'Favorite Prescription' and the 'Golden Medical Discovery' and they completely cured me of all my weakness and restored me to good health."

"At one time my husband became afflicted with a chronic cough which caused him to become a run-down. He got so thin he was almost a skeleton. He tried many medicines but did not get any better until he took Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. By taking this medicine he was completely restored to good health. I shall always speak a good word for Dr. Pierce's medicines."

Mrs. Martha Sholer, 373 Bethune St.

If you need a building-up tonic for stomach and blood obtain Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery from your nearest druggist or send 10c to Dr. Pierce's Laboratory in Bridgeburg, Ont., for trial pkg. tablets and write for free confidential medical advice.

Minard's Liniment for Colds, Etc.



# What Western Canada Has Still To Offer The Prospective Farmer

Reading such statements of the development of Western Canada as the growth of cultivation in the four western provinces from 11 million acres in 1910 to 30 1/2 million acres in 1920 and an increase in the value of field crop production of from 4 millions in 1880 to 436 millions in 1920, the impression might be created that the limit of agricultural development had been reached and the pinnacle of wealth production attained. Just how far this is from actuality can only be appreciated from an adequate appreciation of the immensity of the west which is a difficult matter to grasp, and to realize the comparative small area of the vast stretches which constitute Western Canada which has been brought under cultivation and rendered productive.

For peoples of other lands, especially the European accustomed to the narrow confines imposed by their national boundaries, it is difficult to form even an approximate idea of the vastness of Canada and of that country known as the "West." Canada, nearly a third again as large in area as the United States with its hundred million people, shelters a bare nine million on her broad expanse. The never ceasing stream of immigration which pours into Canada empties its rich content to be spread over the broad land, and peoples are immediately lost and absorbed without any appreciable effect. Notwithstanding the phenomenal development the west has witnessed in the past twenty-five years, there are still giant stretches of undeveloped, fertile agricultural land containing thousands of potential homesteads of the highest productivity merely awaiting the fruition of settlement.

The province of British Columbia, over which wait the fertile breezes from the Pacific Ocean, and which contains such a diversified natural wealth, contains an area of 395,000 square miles or more than four times as large as the island of Great Britain. Of this huge area there are 30,000,000 acres which have been estimated to be cultivated. The rest of only 250,016 acres in 1918 were producing. With a name now world famous for fruit production, and a successful foraging in every other line of agriculture, the province's present agricultural revenue, amounting annually to many millions can be extended by cultivation to be augmented 160 times before any limit is reached.

Alberta once the province of the giant ranches and now an area of countless mixed farms, has an area of 162,765,200 acres, being nearly three times the size of Great Britain. According to Dominion Government estimates there are some 105 million acres of good agricultural land in the province whereas only a little over 9 million acres were producing crops last year. When it is considered that field and root and fodder crops in 1920 accounted for a revenue of only 250 million some small conception of its possibilities of agricultural wealth may be formed as well as the extensive openings still remaining for settlement.

Saskatchewan, which has produced more wheat growing champions than any other region of the American continent, has an area of 251,700 square miles, falling but slightly under Alberta in the matter of size. Some 155 million acres have been declared suitable for cultivation had potentially capable of producing the same high quality cereal which has carried off the world's premium honors so many times in the past ten years. Yet last year all crops accounted for a cultivation of less than 30 million acres, which indicates that notwithstanding the favor the province has found with wheat growers and the heavy influx of new farmers it has experienced there will be room for many more for years yet to come.

Though the tide of immigration ever flowing westward seems to be lost in the immensity of the Canadian West there is striking indication of the effect of its current in the steady drive of settlement northward. Though there are thousands of virgin acres still awaiting settlement the record rate at which they are being fenced and broken and the annual rise of land prices point to a time not far distant when land may no longer be acquired for the proverbial song and the great "Granny of the Empire" be nearer its capacity in the production of agricultural wealth.

It is accounted the happiest omen for a boy to be born on Christmas Day, but unluckily for a girl. An old name for her was "the sorrow child." By making your purchases from your home merchant you are contributing direct to the prosperity of the community in which you live.

W. N. U. 1403

## WESTERN EDITORS



ROY G. ASHWIN.

Secretary of the Publishers' Association of Canada, Limited; Publisher of the *Midwestern Mail* from July 1, 1915, to August, 1921. Elected to present position Jan. 6, 1922.

## Princess Mary Values Gifts From France

Presented by Women Who Served Country During War

Princess Mary has collected many personal treasures at Sandringham, Windsor Castle and Buckingham Palace. In her own private sitting-room at the palace are arranged Copenhagen china, the product of the potteries of Queen Alexandra's home; and many pictures and drawings.

Amongst the Princess's most treasured mementoes are the delightful gifts from women who were serving their country in France, presented to her when she visited women workers' camps shortly after the armistice.

The Princess was the first member of the Royal Family to visit the war area after fighting ceased. In Rouen and in Bruges during that tour, she took the opportunity of doing some personal shopping.

Perhaps some of the little things to which she took a fancy on that occasion may find their way to Chesterfield House, where there is, amongst other treasures, a wonderful collection of Savres china.

Princess Mary's rabbit run, established a year or two ago at Sandringham is one of the many interests in which a decision will have to be reached before the Royal wedding.

## Naval Officer's Invention

Will Enable Ships to See Clearly in Hazy Weather

A very important discovery has been made for enabling those on ships to see more clearly, especially in hazy weather, which may be of great value in making the safety of ships at sea more secure.

It is well known that when light is reflected from a haze, or even from the sea or from a surface as the plate roof of a house, the reflected light is what is termed "polarized." Light is due to very small vibrations in the ether which take place in two directions, one at right-angles to the other; and when light is polarized it means that these vibrations take place only in one direction.

Thus, when looking through a telescope at a distant ship on a hazy day, the clearness of the ship is blurred by the polarized light reflected from the haze. But by placing what is known as a Nicol prism in the eyepiece of the telescope the polarized light can be cut out, or eliminated, so that only the ship is seen.

It is a very simple device, costing only a few shillings, but the naval officer who has suggested it believes it will prove of great practical value, and will show details of rocks that are usually lost in the haze.

The skin of the human palm is seventy-five times as thick as that of the eyelid.

## Armenian Relief

Hundreds Are Dying Daily From Starvation in Armenia

A general appeal is being made to farmers of Western Canada this winter to contribute gifts of wheat to starving Armenians. The appeal so far has been responded to generously, William Irvine, western director of near eastern relief, declares.

"After one of the most disappointing crop years in the history of the west," Mr. Irvine said, "the farmers have forgotten their own troubles long enough to contribute widely to the relief of Armenia in grain and money to buy grain. If they can do this, surely others, less fortunate, may follow their lead."

Already more than \$5,000 in cash and \$9,000 in grain has been given on pledges. If money is given, it is used to buy wheat at cost. It is carried to the granaries threshed, and probably will be hauled by railways free of any charge whatsoever.

The appeal on behalf of Armenia is one of the most stirring ever put forth, according to directors. Hundreds there are dying daily from starvation. "Death wagons" drive through the streets of one city every morning and pick up from 25 to 30 bodies. Many of children who have died from lack of nourishment. There are 20,000 orphans in one Christian orphanage, and 20,000 more who cannot be taken in, it is said. There have been no crops this year in any part of the country owing to the massacres of the Turks.

A ship will leave an American port early in the New Year bearing food from Canada, and the United States, Mr. Irvine said. Contributions or pledges should be sent to C. W. Rowley, Winnipeg, treasurer of relief.

## Timber Industry Of B.C.

Mills Operating Steadily and Thousands of Men Employed

Directly and indirectly the timber industry of British Columbia represents nearly half the trade and commerce of this province. In 1920 they produced nearly \$92,000,000 worth of commercial material and it is estimated that this year will run well over the \$100,000,000 mark. There have been 1,109 logging operations in the province during the past two years, 340 sawmills, 100 shingle mills, six pulp and paper plants, all operating steadily. The output in 1920 was approximately 2,000,000,000 feet of wood products and over 20,000 men were employed to produce this enormous quantity.

## Canada Has Many Telephones

Second to U.S. in Number Per 100 Population According to Statistics

Canada in 1919 the latest date for which statistics are available, ranked second only to the United States in the number of telephones per 100 population. The United States had 13.6 telephones per 100 of population, and Canada 9.3. Italy, with 3 phones per hundred, was the lowest, according to statistics issued by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics. In the calendar year, 1920, there were 856,266 phones in use in Canada, an increase of 10 per cent. over 1919, and 85 per cent. over 1913. Increase of rural telephones contributed largely to the general increase. The wire mileage in use was 2,105,101, and the average persons per mile of wire was 4.2.

## A City of Refuge

Los Angeles must be looked upon as a city of refuge. It is, at any rate, a great hangout for offenders against the law. Advice from Sacramento is that 210 requests for extradition recognized by the governor, fully four-fifths were for persons held or apprehended in Los Angeles. If an eastern man forces a check or elopes with another man's wife he instinctively heads for that dear Los Angeles. It is the climate, of course. —Los Angeles Times.

If you don't care for the things you can't obtain you will be fairly happy.

## The New Roof Is Fine—But The Foundation Is Rotten



—Baltimore Sun

# Outlook For Agriculture Is More Promising For The Coming Season

## Feeding For Egg Production

To Obtain The Best Results A Supply of Animal Food Is a Necessity

It can be definitely laid down that the egg yield of the average flock of fowl would be increased materially by feeding a larger supply of animal food. So says a circular styled "Beef Scrap versus Skim-Milk for Egg Production," just issued by the Department of Agriculture, Ottawa. The author of which is the Superintendent of the Dominion Experimental Station at Cap Rouge, Que.

The three main supplies of animal food required by laying hens are fresh green cut bones, beef scrap and skim-milk, and of these the last mentioned has proven the best stimulant to egg production. The milk may be fed sweet or sour, but always the same, as any alteration is liable to lead to bowel trouble. It should also never be allowed to freeze. If milk is not available in sufficient quantity, then either beef scrap or fresh cut green bones can be fed to supply the deficiency. Buttermilk is beneficial. The main point is that, in order that hens may do their best, they must be given animal protein to a liberal extent. These are the conclusions reached after an experiment in fowl feeding conducted at Cap Rouge for five years.

For small backyard flocks, table scraps have been found satisfactory, but for the average farm flock, where greater outdoor space is to be had, the scraps do not usually contain sufficient meat. In order that the birds may obtain skim-milk in the quantity they need, it is well to put it before them in an open can. Fish scraps and fish meal can be used to a limited extent. Fresh meat scraps are advisable only in cold weather.

## Busiest Station in the World

Charing Cross Averages Three Trains A Minute

Twenty years ago Londoners, proud of the size of the city and the dimensions of its traffic, used to point to the fact that Charing Cross Junction was the busiest railway station in the world—on an average a train a minute passed through it. Now that the rate is doubled at the Underground station at Earl's Court, where 120 trains an hour pass through during the rush hours, and at Charing Cross, with its three underground stations, in one, there are often four and on an average three trains a minute. Twenty years ago, again, there were no motor omnibuses, and the horse omnibuses were few in number. During the busiest hours today 640 omnibuses pass Charing Cross in the hour, 556 pass the Bank, 542 pass Oxford Circus, and 518 pass Piccadilly Circus. Omnibuses and underground trains carry 4,000,000 passengers a day. The population has increased less than 20 per cent. since the beginning of the century, but for every journey in bus, train, or car people made then, we make between 30 and 40 today.

## World's Mystery Animal

Platypus Has Earned Right To This Title

When four living specimens of the duckbill platypus were sent 1,000 miles across the Australian continent for Lord Northcliffe's inspection, the two babies were the first live ones exhibited anywhere, and the two adults "nearly the first," to be seen in Sydney, writes Leslie G. Maclean in a London paper.

The platypus has earned its right to be termed the world's mystery animal. An honest description reads like a piece of diseased imagination. It lays eggs like a bird or reptile, is pouched like a kangaroo, has a flattened bill like a duck, is clothed in beautiful fur, and has webbed claws, armed, in the case of the males, with poison glands. A queer recent discovery is that the platypus will not eat its poisoned hind claws against pain however much it is handled and however violent its struggles.

It is believed that these weapons are reserved for fights among the males themselves.

Remarkable hands at what were seen at a charity game in England recently. A new pack of cards was shuffled, cut and dealt, and when hands were examined it was found that one player had all the thirteen cards of hearts, the second all clubs, the third all diamonds and the fourth all spades.

## Guaranteed

Doubting Professor—Will you guarantee this parachute to open instantly?  
Salesman.—Absolutely. If it doesn't come back and we will refund your money.—Science and Invention.

## Doing Well

"I guess my daughter has taken a course in housework at college."  
"Huh!"  
"She writes that she is on the scrub team."—Louisville Courier-Journal.



# CREDITORS SALE

## IRMA CO-OPERATIVE STOCK MUST GO

On February 3rd in the Canadian Credit Men's office in Edmonton it was decided by the Creditors of the Irma Co-Operative Co. to sell the Stock of the Company and pay the debts. A representative was sent to Irma with the instructions to **GET THE MONEY REGARDLESS OF COST.** He will be in charge of this

## GENUINE SALE

*This is NOT a FAKE MONEY-RAISING EVENT where the people are fooled into believing they are getting bargains. It is a Genuine Clearance of this \$20,000.00 Stock of Merchandise to meet the debts of the Wholesalers, and as such it demands your attendance as it will be the Greatest Selling Event that the Irma District has ever seen.*

## Sale Commences Wed. February 15th

Clothing	ExtraSpecial	Shoes	ExtraSpeci'l
Mens Fine Pants ..... \$2.75	Mens Alaska Beaver Coats, were \$63.00 for ..... \$35.00	Mens Rubbers for Shoes, ..... Pr. 45c	<b>SUGAR</b> 20 lbs. for \$1.80
Mens Tweed Work Shirt ..... \$2.25	Mens Wallaby Coats, were \$85.00 for ..... \$55.00	Womens Rubbers for Shoes .... Pr. 35c	<b>Marmalade</b> 4 lb. tins, choice quality 65c
Mens Chambray Work Shirt ..... \$1.50	Mens Extra Heavy Sweaters, were \$7.00 for ..... \$3.75	Childrens Rubbers for Shoes .... Pr. 25c	
Mens Splendid Raincoat ..... \$9.00	Small Boys Wool Sweaters ..... 75c	Mens Heavy Work Shoe ..... Pr. \$2.25	
Boys Pants (Heavy) ..... \$2.10		Mens Box Calf Weltd Shoe .. Pr. \$3.50	
Boys Tweed Suit Special ..... \$9.00		Mens Brown Canvas Shoe .... Pr. \$3.20	
Young Mens Worsted Suits .... \$13.00		Childs White Canvas Shoe .... Pr. \$1.25	
Mens Odd Vests ..... \$2.00		Boys Black Elk Shoes, sizes 11 to 2 only, were \$5.00 .... Pr. \$3.90	
Underwear	Hosiery	Dry-Goods	Groceries
Mens Combination Wool Un- derwear. All sizes ..... \$3.50	Mens Heavy Wool Sox, ..... 3 pr \$1.00	Big Lot of Flannellettes, per yd 12 1/2c	Fine White Beans ..... 9 lb for 50c
Mens Underwear, Splendid Goods, per garment ..... \$1.00	Mens Heavy Wool Sox ..... 3 pr \$1.35	Heavy Denims, ..... Per yd 35c	Krinkle Corn Flakes ..... 3 pkg 25c
Boys Wool Underwear, per garment ..... 90c	Boys Heavy Wool Hose ..... per pr 50c	Nice Light Prints ..... Per yd 20c	Large Tins Whitefish, .... 3 tins 25c
Mens Summer Underwear at Prices Lower than present Wholesale Cost.	Womens Cotton Hose ..... Per pr. 25c	Ends of Fine Gingham ..... Per yd 25c	Nice Quality Salmon, ..... per tin 10c
	Womens Heather Cashmere Hose Per pr. .... 75c	Fine Oxford Shirts ..... Per yd 40c	Blue Ribbon Tea ..... Per lb 50c
	CHILDRENS HOSE ALL KINDS REDUCED TO BELOW COST	HOUSE DRESSES, LADIES UNDER- WEAR, SWEATERS, ALL AT BAR- GAIN PRICES.	Best Tomatoes ..... 5 tins \$1.00
			Best Corn ..... 3 tins 50c
			Choice Santos Coffee ..... 3 lb \$1.00
			Rolled Oats ..... 8 lb Sack 35c
			Rolled Oats ..... 20 lb Sack 75c

CASH REGISTER, SHOW CASES, AND FIXTURES FOR SALE  
Canadian Credit Men's Trust Ass'n, Ltd., Edmonton